## Integrated Science - Final Exam Study Guide

1. Review all reference tables, handouts, \& charts. Begin to study now.
2. Review 5 characteristics necessary to be a mineral: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ ,
3. To test for mineral hardness: $\qquad$ ; To test for mineral streak: $\qquad$
What is streak: $\qquad$ .
4. How do you test for a mineral's hardness: . Know Mohs' Hardness Scale. (1-10)
5. What is a mineral ore?
6. Difference between a renewable \& non-renewable resource:
7. What is a natural resource:
8. What is the silicate group of minerals:
9. Know the metal \& non-metal mineral resources: $\qquad$
10. Which conducts electricity?
11. What is a fossil:
12. Be able to use the density formula $(\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{v})$
13. Review matter (
\& mass (the amount of matter taking up space)
14. Definition of an atom:
15. Know the atomic \# ( \& the atomic mass (
16. An isotope is $\qquad$
17. An ion is
18. Know the difference between chemical \& physical changes of matter. Phase change is $\qquad$ .
19. Know the atomic structure: protons, neutrons, electrons, etc. What is a valence e-:
20. Know the 22 element names \& symbols: $\qquad$ ,
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\longrightarrow$, $\qquad$
$\qquad$ ,
$\qquad$ , ——,


$\qquad$ , $\longrightarrow$, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .
21. Know the groups, periods, \& metalloids of the periodic table.
22. Least reactive: $\qquad$ ; Most reactive:
23. Know the different shells around the nucleus of the atom. 2 electrons in the __ shell, 8 electrons in the shell, $\qquad$ electrons in the $\qquad$ shell.
24. How can you tell if the outer shell ( $\qquad$ ) is full?
25. Know difference between the hydrogen \& helium atoms.
26. Break down a chemical formula into atoms. $\mathrm{CaCO} 3=$
27. Review the periodic table (groups, periods, metals, non-metals, metalloids)
28. Review notes about elements, metals, non-metals, compound, elements, molecule, chemical reactions, mole, $1 / 2$ life, vatence earbon-14 dating.
29. Know the 22 element names \& symbols: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ -,
$\qquad$


 , , , , , $\qquad$ ,
30. Know the difference between cations \& anions. Cations are: $\qquad$ ; anions are: $\qquad$ -
$\qquad$ .
$\qquad$
31. A combination of elements that has properties different than properties of each of the elements in it describes:
32. A Mixture has: $\qquad$
33. Recognize a compound from an element from a mixture.
34. Know synthesis reaction from decomposition reaction. Synthesis: $\qquad$

## Decomposition:

35. Know the relationship between a valence e- \& chemical properties of an element.
36. A molecule: $\qquad$
37. Know the quantity of a mole. The mass \# of any element is the $\qquad$ in g . Mass \# of oxygen is 16, the molar weight of oxygen $\qquad$ .
38. Be able to identify how many moles are in any g of a compound. Ex: How many moles are in 2.47 g of $\mathrm{NaCl}: 2.47 \mathrm{~g} / 58 \mathrm{~g}=0.04$ moles. Review your worksheets.
39. A half-life is defined as:
40. Review the half-life worksheet. How many years does it take for half of carbon-14 to decay? decayed after 4 half-lives?
41. Review carbon-14 dating. It is the most accurate form of absolute age dating during the years of 1,000 to $50,000 \mathrm{yrs}$.
42. Review all reference handouts \& notes on: force, laws of motion, speed \& acceleration, velocity, momentum, heat calculations, work, \& power.
43. What is physics?
44. $\overline{1}^{\text {st }}$ law of motion: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$2^{\text {nd }}$ law of motion:
$3^{\text {rd }}$ law of motion:
45. What is the resultant force?
46. $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{m} \mathrm{x}$ a: force of 25 N acts on a mass of 2 kg , what is the acceleration:
47. Inertia:
48. Friction:

49. What force is necessary to maintain a constant state of motion: $\qquad$
50. Why?
51. Velocity describes:
52. What is the velocity of a truck traveling a total of 50 k north in 2 hrs ? $\qquad$
53. What is the momentum of a $6,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ bus moving at $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ? $\qquad$
54. Acceleration:
55. A girl is pushing a rock 5 m away with a force of 12 N . What is the work done?
56. 3 types of rocks in the Rock Cycle: Igneous: ( $\quad$ ), Sedimentary ( $\qquad$ ), \& Metamorphic $\qquad$
57. Large crystals in Igneous rocks:
58. Small crystals in Igneous rocks: $\qquad$
59. Parent rock: $\qquad$
60. Rock cycle processes: Igneous: $\qquad$ ; Sedimentary: $\qquad$ ; Metamorphic: $\qquad$
61. Alternative energy: $\qquad$
62. Know both Potential \& Kinetic energy. 63.
63. 
64. What is energy? $\qquad$
